PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

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	cle 36 and Rule 70)	REC'D 1 2 OCT 2005
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25.06.2004	ing date <i>(day/month/year)</i>	Priority date (day/month/year) 27.06.2003
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification B29C70/44, B29C70/54	on and IPC	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
Applicant LA CORPORATION DE L'ECOLE POLYTECHNIC	QUE DE	,
 This report is the international preliminary examin Authority under Article 35 and transmitted to the a This REPORT consists of a total of 7 sheets, incl This report is also accompanied by ANNEWS 	uding this cover sheet	s International Preliminary Examining 3.
. Properties also accompanied by ANNEXES, co	omprising:	
and to the applicant and to the internation	al Bureau) a total of 16 sheets	s, as follows:
and/or sheets containing rectifications Administrative Instructions).	r drawings which have been ar authorized by this Authority (se	nended and are the basis of this report Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the
sheets which supersede earlier sheets beyond the disclosure in the internation Supplemental Box.	, but which this Authority consinal application as filed, as indic	ders contain an amendment that goes
 b. (sent to the International Bureau only) a tot sequence listing and/or tables related there Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see Section 1) 	al of (indicate type and number	Of electronic carrier(o)
4. This report contains indications relating to the follo	wing items	
· ·	wing items:	
☑ Box No. I Basis of the opinion☐ Box No. II Priority		
☐ Box No. IV Lack of unity of invention	n regard to novelty, inventive s	tep and industrial applicability
Box No. V Reasoned statement under Articl applicability; citations and explan	0.25(0)	
Box No. VI Certain documents cited	ations supporting such stateme	ent
Box No. VII Certain defects in the international	al application	
☐ Box No. VIII Certain observations on the intern	national application	
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/CA2004/000959

٠ _	Box No. I Basis of the report	rt
1	 With regard to the language, the filed, unless otherwise indicated 	nis report is based on the international application in the language in which it was d under this item.
	☐ international search (un☐ publication of the international	nslations from the original language into the following language, translation furnished for the purposes of: der Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)) ational application (under Rule 12.4) r examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3)
2.	. With regard to the elements* of	f the international application, this report is based on (replacement sheets which
	Description, Pages	•
	1-41	as originally filed
	6a	received on 28.04.2005 with letter of 26.04.2005
	Claims, Numbers	
	1-72	received on 28.04.2005 with letter of 26.04.2005
	Drawings, Sheets	
	1/34-34/34	as originally filed
		y related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing
3.	 □ The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of: □ the description, pages □ the claims, Nos. □ the drawings, sheets/figs □ the sequence listing (specify): □ any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify): 	
4.	☐ This report has been established	shed as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report and listed below ave been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the
		me or all of these sheets may be marked "superseded "

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT **ON PATENTABILITY**

International application No. PCT/CA2004/000959

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

4,5,7,8,10-14,18-20,23-27,29-46,48-72

No: Claims

1-3,6,9,15-17,21,22,28,47

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

4,5,7,8,10-14,18-20,23-27,29-46,48-72

No: Claims

1-3,6,9,15-17,21,22,28,47

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims No:

Claims

1-72

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7):

see separate sheet

The following documents are referred to in this communication:

D1: DE 199 26 896 A (VER FOERDERUNG INST KUNSTSTOFF) 14 December 2000 (2000-12-14)

D2: FR 2 828 130 A (POLE DE PLASTURGIE DE L EST) 7 February 2003 (2003-02-07)

Note:

1. Certain features have been added to claim one with the amendments filed on 28th of August 2005, which are considered unclear because they define a result to be achieved without defining structural features allowing to propagate the matrix along a propagation direction. It is furthermore noted that the device shown in figure 2 of document D2 is suitable to perform the same function provided the flowfront has passed fluid inlet (8). Furthermore the expression 'controlling fluid' is not clear as no definition is given which process or property is supposed to be controlled. For this reason this expression is interpreted in its broadest sense, that is to say, controlling of the impregnation of the strengthener.

Novelty

Taken the above into account, the subject matter of claim 1 is not new over 2. document D2:

A mold assembly for generating a composite part from a strengthener in a generally solid phase and a matrix in a generally liquid phase; said mold assembly comprising: a) a base mold (1) including a strengthener chamber (5) for receiving the strengthener (4), a matrix injection inlet (9) for injecting the matrix in said strengthener chamber and an evacuation outlet (11), said inlet and said outlet defining a propagation direction (13);

- b) a cover mold (2) including a compression chamber (3) and a fluid control aperture
- (8) for injecting a controlling fluid in said compression chamber; said cover mold

being so configured as to be sealingly mounted (6) on said base mold whereby said strengthener chamber and said compression chamber are adjacent (fig. 2); and c) a deformable member (14) provided in a gap defined by said strengthener chamber and said compression chamber, said deformable member being so configured as to pressurize the matrix toward the strengthener and *suitable for* propagating the matrix along said propagation direction upon compression exerted on said deformable member by the controlling fluid.

- 3. The *structural* features of *apparatus* claims **2**, **3**, **6**, **9**,**15-17**, **21**, **22**, **28** are also known from D2 and are therefore not novel either.
- 4. The subject matter of **claims 36 and 42** is new, since none of the prior art documents show a frame assembly with separators in combination with the further features of claim 36 and 42 respectively.
- 5. Dependent claims 37 to 41 and 43 to 46 are therefore also novel.
- 6. The features of claim 47 are disclosed in D2. Reference is made to the discussion for claim 1 above which is of similar scope.
- 7. Claim 48
 - Claim 48 has been amended by introducing the feature of "propagating the matrix...by pressurizing a controlling fluid injected in said second chamber". This feature is not known from the prior art. The subject matter of claim 48 and its dependent claims 49 to 64 is therefore novel.
- 8. Claims 65 and 68 as well as their dependent claims 66, 67 and 69 to 72 define a resin injection process using an alternating stack of strengtheners and deformable members. These features are not known in combination from the prior art, for which reasons these claim are novel.

Inventive step

9. The subject matter of claims 1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 15-17, 21, 22, 28 and 47 is not novel, and

therefore does not involve an inventive step either.

- 10. The features of the dependent claims 4, 5, 7, 8, 10 to 14, 18 to 20, 23 to 27 and 29 to 35 are not known in combination with the features of the claim(s) they refer to from the prior art. Each of these claims however solve a different problem. Although these claims might involve an inventive step, this report is limited to the first dependent claim (claim 4). The use of an incompressible fluid is neither known from nor rendered obvious from the prior art. It solves the problem of insufficient resin flow controllability due to the compressibility of gaseous media.
- 11. Although the technology of stacking alternating layers of composite material and release films is known per se, a combination with the features as defined in claim 1, in particular the use of compression chamber or chambers is not known. It solves the problem of not being able to produce multiple composite parts simultaneously using the advantages of resin transfer moulding using a deformable member. Therefore the claims 36 to 46 and 65 to 72 relating to the use of stacking subsequent strengthening layers and deformable members is considered to be novel and involving an inventive step.

Industrial Applicability

12. The claimed subject matter is considered to be industrially applicable and thus fulfilling the requirements of article 33(4) PCT.

Further remarks

- 13. The features of the claims are not provided with reference signs placed in parentheses (Rule 6.2(b) PCT).
- 14. Although claims 1, 36, 42, 47 and 48, 65, 68 respectively have been drafted as separate independent claims, they appear to relate effectively to the same subject-matter and to differ from each other only with regard to the definition of the subject-matter for which protection is sought. The aforementioned claims therefore lack

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

International application No.

PCT/CA2004/000959

conciseness and as such do not meet the requirements of Article 6 PCT.

6a

about a mol impregnation apparatus including a two-part mold configured and sized as to be sealingly mounted to one another with a flexible membrane in between. One of the molds receives the strengthener and the other one is provided with a series of channel for receiving the membrane when vacuum is provided in the apparatus, generating thereby less restriction during impregnation of the strengthener. In this apparatus however, no controlling fluid is provided for controlling the impregnation of the matrix by the strengthener.

As a further example, Cauchois et, al. in FR2,828,130 teach about a mold impregnation apparatus and method. The apparatus includes a two-part mold configured and sized as to be sealingly mounted to one another with a membrane in between. One of the molds receives the strengthener and the other one is provided with an access to a chamber defined between the latter mold and the membrane, providing thereby means for compressing, with air in an autoclave, the membrane and consequently, the strengthener on the other side of the membrane. In this apparatus however, the compaction by air is provided after the impregnation of the matrix by the strengthener for evacuating the excess of matrix already impregnated in the strengthener.

Claims

- A mold assembly for generating a composite part from a strengthener in a generally solid phase and a matrix in a generally liquid phase; said mold assembly comprising:
 - a) a base mold including a strengthener chamber for receiving the strengthener, a matrix injection inlet for injecting the matrix in said strengthener chamber and an evacuation outlet, said inlet and said outlet defining a propagation direction;
 - a cover mold including a compression chamber and a fluid control aperture for injecting a controlling fluid in said compression chamber; said cover mold being so configured as to be sealingly mounted on said base mold whereby said strengthener chamber and said compression chamber are adjacent; and
 - c) a deformable member provided in a gap defined by said strengthener chamber and said compression chamber, said deformable member being so configured as to pressurize the matrix toward the strengthener and propagate the matrix along said propagation direction upon compression exerted on said deformable member by the controlling fluid.
- 2. A mold assembly as recited in claim 1, wherein said deformable member is able to be swollen in said compression chamber from the matrix permeating the strengthener to generate a deformation zone, said deformable member receiving pressure from the controlling fluid in proximity of said deformation zone for redirecting the matrix towards the strengthener.

- 3. A mold assembly as recited in claim 2, wherein said deformation zone is adjacent to a matrix flow front corresponding to a portion of the strengthener impregnated by the matrix, said matrix flow front propagating in the strengthener along said propagation direction as the matrix in said deformation zone is redirected to the strengthener.
- A mold assembly as recited in claim 1, wherein said controlling fluid is an incompressible fluid.
- A mold assembly as recited in claim 1, wherein said matrix injection inlet includes a diffusion passage provided on a contact wall of said strengthener chamber.
- A mold assembly as recited in claim 1, wherein said evacuation outlet is connectable to a vacuum source to selectively generate at least a partial vacuum in said strengthener chamber.
- 7. A mold assembly as recited in claim 1, wherein base mold includes a contact wall, peripheral walls extending around said contact wall and shoulders extending around said peripheral walls; said cover mold includes a compression wall, peripheral walls extending around said compression wall and shoulders extending around said peripheral walls, said cover mold being sealingly mounted to said base mold through a complementary ridge and groove arrangement provided along said shoulders of said base mold and said cover mold.
- 8. A mold assembly as recited in claim7, wherein said ridge and groove

arrangement has a generally triangular cross-sectional profile.

- A mold assembly as recited in claim 1, wherein said fluid control aperture is connectable to a fluid source to generate pressure in said compression chamber.
- 10. A mold assembly as recited in claim 1, wherein said fluid control aperture extends in said cover mold and said matrix injection inlet extends in said base mold in a generally similar direction.
- 11. A mold assembly as recited in claim 1, wherein said cover mold includes a vent extending from said compression chamber and through said cover mold.
- 12. A mold assembly as recited in claim 11, wherein said vent is connected to a vacuum source to selectively generate at least a partial vacuum in said compression chamber.
- 13. A mold assembly as recited in claim 11, wherein said vent comprises a valve to regulate the flow of the controlling fluid through said vent.
- 14. A mold assembly as recited in claim 1, wherein said gap has a variable thickness.
- 15. A mold assembly as recited in claim 14, wherein said compression chamber has a first thickness, said strengthener chamber has a second

thickness, said first and second thickness being variable upon deformation of said deformable member.

- 16. A mold assembly as recited in claim 1, wherein said deformable member includes a membrane sealingly mounted between said strengthener chamber and said compression chamber.
- 17. A mold assembly as recited in claim 16, wherein said membrane is impermeable to liquid.
- 18. A mold assembly as recited in claim 16, wherein said membrane is permeable to gas.
- 19. A mold assembly as recited in claim 1, wherein said mold assembly includes a means for inducing vibrations to the controlling fluid injected in said mold assembly to expel residual gases entrapped in the strengthener.
- 20. A mold assembly as recited in claim 1, wherein said mold assembly includes temperature controlling means.
- 21. A mold assembly as recited in claim 1, wherein said strengthener chamber comprises a contact wall for locating the strengthener, said contact wall having a controlled surface finish.
- 22. A mold assembly as recited in claim 1, wherein said base mold and said cover mold are rigid.

- 23. A mold assembly as recited in claim 1, wherein said deformable member includes a deformable element and a membrane, said membrane being sealingly mounted between said strengthener chamber and said compression chamber, said deformable element being provided in at least a portion of said compression chamber.
- 24. A mold assembly as recited in claim 23, wherein a surface of said deformable element is so machined as to be complementary to the shape of the composite part.
- 25. A mold assembly as recited in claim 24, wherein said machined surface of said member includes a series of grooved channels so configured as to receive said membrane.
- 26. A mold assembly as recited in claim 23, wherein said deformable element is injected directly into said gap via said fluid control aperture.
- 27. A mold assembly as recited in claim 23, wherein said deformable element includes a generally porous and elastic material.
- 28. A mold assembly as recited in claim 1, wherein said deformable member includes an elastic material being provided in at least a portion of said compression chamber and adjacent to said strengthener chamber.
- 29. A mold assembly as recited in claim 1, wherein said cover mold includes

compartmentalized portions so configured as to independently move with respect to one another toward and away from said strengthener chamber for providing a gap of variable thickness.

- 30. A mold assembly as recited in claim 1, wherein said mold assembly further includes a tube provided in said compression chamber and adjacent to said strengthener chamber, said tube being connected to a pressure source and deformable under pressure generated from the pressure source, said tube including at least one extremity mounted through said cover mold for controlling the pressure in said tube.
- 31. A mold assembly as recited in claim 1, wherein said cover mold includes a compression wall including a plurality of passages provided adjacent to said deformable member.
- 32. A mold assembly as recited in claim 31, wherein said plurality of passages includes longitudinal passages and transversal passages configured in a grid so as to cooperate with said deformable member.
- 33. A mold assembly as recited in claim 31, wherein said matrix injection inlet of said base mold includes a diffusion passage extending on a contact wall of said strengthener chamber; said diffusion passage being generally aligned with at least one transversal passage and said matrix injection inlet of said base mold being generally aligned with at least one longitudinal passage.
- 34. A mold assembly as recited in claim 1, wherein said mold assembly

includes a porous medium provided in said compression chamber for controlling the propagation of the fluid injected in said compression chamber.

- 35. A mold assembly as recited in claim 34, wherein said porous medium is made from a generally deformable element.
- 36. A mold assembly for generating a predetermined number of composite parts from strengtheners in a generally solid phase and from matrix in a generally liquid phase; said mold assembly comprising:
 - a) a base mold including a strengthener chamber;
 - b) a cover mold including a compression chamber;
 - c) at least one frame assembly, each including a separator defining a further respective strengthener chamber and a further respective compression chamber; said at least one frame assembly being so configured as to be sealingly stacked one next to the other and between said base mold and said cover mold, whereby each of said strengthener chamber faces one of said compression chamber to define adjacent pairs of chambers;
 - d) matrix injection inlets for injecting the matrix in said strengthener chambers;
 - e) fluid control apertures for injecting a fluid in said compression chambers; and
 - f) deformable members so provided between said adjacent pairs of chambers as to pressurize the matrix toward the strengthener upon compression by the fluid.

- 37. A mold assembly as recited in claim 36, wherein each of said deformable members is a membrane sealingly mounted between said adjacent pairs of strengthener chamber and compression chamber.
- 38. A mold assembly as recited in claim 36, wherein said mold assembly further includes evacuation outlets and vents, said evacuation outlets extending from said strengthener chambers and through said mold assembly; said vents extending from said compression chambers and through said mold assembly.
- 39. A mold assembly as recited in claim 36, wherein said cover mold is one of said at least one frame assembly.
- 40. A mold assembly as recited in claim 36, wherein said cover mold is one of said at least one frame assembly including a cover reinforcement so configured as to be rigidly mounted in its respective strengthener chamber.
- 41. A mold assembly as recited in claim 36, wherein said separator is rigid.
- 42. A mold assembly for generating a predetermined number of composite parts from strengtheners and matrix; said mold assembly comprising:
 - a) a base mold including a contact wall;
 - b) at least one frame assembly so configured as to be sealingly stacked one next to the other on said base mold defining a stacking chamber thereby;
 - c) matrix injection inlets for injecting the matrix in the strengtheners

trough said base mold and said at least one frame assembly;

- d) deformable elements, each having a respective compression wall and a further respective contact wall, said deformable elements being so configured as to be alternatively stacked with the strengtheners in said stacking chamber whereby each of said contact wall faces one of said compression wall; and
- e) a cover mold including a further respective compression wall and being mounted in said stacking chamber.
- 43. A mold assembly as recited in claim 42, wherein each of said deformable elements is porous elastic material.
- 44. A mold assembly as recited in claim 43, wherein each of said at least one frame assembly includes a fluid control aperture for injecting a fluid in said stacking chamber to said deformable elements.
- 45. A mold assembly as recited in claim 42, wherein each of said at least one frame assembly and said base mold are sealingly stacked in adjacent pairs and said mold assembly further includes membranes sealingly mounted between said adjacent pairs.
- 46. A mold assembly as recited in claim 45, wherein each of said at least one frame assembly includes a fluid control aperture extending for injecting a fluid between each of said deformable elements and each of said membranes in said stacking chamber.
- 47. A mold assembly for generating a composite part from a strengthener and

a matrix; said mold assembly comprising:

- a) a base mold including a strengthener chamber for receiving the strengthener; a matrix injection inlet for injecting the matrix in said strengthener chamber and an evacuation outlet, said inlet and said outlet defining a propagation direction;
- a cover mold including a compression chamber and a fluid control aperture for injecting a controlling fluid in said compression chamber; said cover mold being so configured as to be sealingly mounted on said base mold whereby said strengthener chamber and said compression chamber are adjacent; and
- c) a deformable member provided in a gap defined by said strengthener chamber and said compression chamber said deformable member generating a deformation zone in said compression chamber from a portion of the matrix permeating the strengthener, said deformable member being pressurized by the controlling fluid in proximity of said deformation zone for redirecting the portion of matrix generating said deformation zone back to the strengthener and for propagating the matrix along said propagation direction.
- 48. A method for generating a composite part from a strengthener and a matrix comprising:
 - a) sealingly positioning a deformable member in between a first chamber of a first mold portion and a second chamber of a second mold portion; said first chamber receiving the strengthener;
 - b) impregnating the strengthener with the matrix injected in said first chamber;
 - c) propagating the matrix in and along the strengthener by pressurizing a

controlling fluid injected in said second chamber on said deformable member.

- 49. A method as recited in claim 48, wherein said impregnating the strengthener is performed at a vacuum pressure which is lower than atmospheric pressure.
- 50. A method as recited in claim 48, wherein said propagating the matrix in and along the strengthener is performed while heating said controlling fluid.
- 51. A method as recited in claim 48, wherein said propagating the matrix in and along the strengthener is performed at a compaction pressure greater than atmospheric pressure.
- 52. A method as recited in claim 48, wherein said propagating the matrix in and along the strengthener by pressurizing a controlling fluid injected in said second chamber on said deformable member is delayed after said injecting the impregnating the strengthener with the matrix injected in said first chamber is performed.
- 53. A method as recited in claim 48, further including vibrating the impregnated strengthener to expel a significant portion of residual gases entrapped in the strengthener.
- 54. A method as recited in claim 48, further including a solidification of the composite part at a compaction pressure greater than atmospheric pressure.

- 55. A method as recited in claim 48, further including a cure of the strengthener with heat transfer applied to said mold and the solidification of the composite part at a compaction pressure greater than atmospheric pressure.
- 56. A method as recited in claim 55, wherein said cure of the strengthener uses ultra-violet light.
- 57. A method as recited in claim 54, wherein said solidification of the composite part is performed while decreasing the temperature of the strengthener.
- 58. A method as recited in claim 48, further including a positioning of a deformable element in a second chamber of a second mold portion adjacent to said deformable member.
- 59. A method as recited in claim 48, further including a positioning of a tube in a second chamber of a second mold portion adjacent to said deformable member.
- 60. A method as recited in claim 59, wherein said propagating the matrix in and along the strengthener by pressurizing a controlling fluid is performed while pressurizing said tube whereby said tube deforms and compresses said member by compressing said controlling fluid.
- 61. A method as recited in claim 59, wherein said propagating the matrix in and along the strengthener by pressurizing a controlling fluid is performed while

pressurizing said tube whereby said tube deforms and compresses said member.

- 62. A method as recited in claim 48, wherein said propagating the matrix in and along the strengthener by pressurizing a controlling fluid is performed while varying the position of compartmentalized portions of said second mold portion with respect to said member.
- 63. A method as recited in claim 48, further including a deformation of said member mating with passages in said second mold portion provided adjacent to said member.
- 64. A method as recited in claim 48, further including a positioning of a porous medium in a second chamber of a second mold portion adjacent to said deformable member.
- 65. A method for generating a pre-determined number of composite parts from strengtheners and matrix comprising:
 - a) sealingly positioning a deformable member in between a strengthener chamber of a first mold portion and a compression chamber of a second mold portion; said strengthener chamber including the strengthener;
 - b) repeating said sealingly positioning a deformable member by stacking a number of subsequent mold portions one next to the other determined by a predetermined number of parts to manufacture;
 - c) impregnating the strengtheners with matrix injected in said strengthener chambers;

- d) compacting the matrix toward the strengthener by pressurizing a controlling fluid injected in said compression chamber on said deformable member.
- 66. A method as recited in claim 65, wherein said impregnating the strengtheners with matrix injected in said strengthener chambers is performed with a delay between each sequential injection of matrix in consecutive strengtheners.
- 67. A method as recited in claim 65, further including a cure of the strengtheners performed by heating said first mold portion; whereby said second mold portions and said subsequent mold portions are sequentially heated by heat transfer from a previously heated mold portion.
- 68. A method for generating a predetermined number of composite parts from strengtheners and matrix comprising:
 - a) positioning an alternating stack of strengtheners and deformable members in a stacking chamber generated by sealingly mounting frame assemblies on a base mold assembly:
 - b) impregnating the strengtheners with matrix injected in said stacking chamber;
 - c) compacting the matrix toward and along the strengtheners by pressurizing on said stack of strengtheners and deformable members.
- 69. A method as recited in claim 68, wherein said impregnating the strengtheners with matrix is performed while successively injecting the

matrix into consecutive strengtheners with a slight delay between each injection.

- 70. A method as recited in claim 69, wherein said compacting the matrix is performed while said successively injecting the matrix, said successively injecting the matrix including at least a first injection in a first strengthener and a second injection in a second strengthener with a delay from said first injection; said second injection compressing said first strengthener by pressurizing said deformable member provided in between said first and second strengthener.
- 71. A method as recited in claim 68, wherein said positioning an alternating stack of strengtheners and deformable members further provides for a membrane provided in between the strengtheners and the deformable members.
- 72. A method as recited in claim 71, wherein said compacting the matrix toward and along the strengthener is performed while pressurizing a controlling fluid injected in said stacking chamber on said membrane.